

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20230

UTair Aviation JSC

Khanty-Mansiysk Airport

Tyumen Region, Russia 628012

ORDER RENEWING TEMPORARY DENIAL OF EXPORT PRIVILEGES

Pursuant to Section 766.24 of the Export Administration Regulations, 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (“EAR” or “the Regulations”),¹ I hereby grant the request of the Office of Export Enforcement (“OEE”) to renew the temporary denial order (“TDO”) issued in this matter on September 16, 2025. I find that renewal of this order is necessary in the public interest to prevent an imminent violation of the Regulations and that renewal for an extended period is appropriate because UTair Aviation JSC (“UTair”) has engaged in a pattern of repeated, ongoing and/or continuous apparent violations of the EAR.

I. Procedural History

On April 7, 2022, the then-Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement (“Assistant Secretary”) signed an order denying UTair export privileges for a period of 180 days on the grounds that issuance of the order was necessary in the public interest to prevent an imminent violation of the Regulations. The order was issued *ex parte* pursuant to Section

¹ On August 13, 2018, the President signed into law the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, which includes the Export Control Reform Act of 2018, 50 U.S.C. §§ 4801-4852 (“ECRA”). Section 4820(a)(5) of ECRA authorizes the issuance of temporary denial orders. 50 U.S.C. § 4820(a)(5).

766.24(a) of the Regulations and was effective upon issuance.² This temporary denial order was subsequently renewed in accordance with Section 766.24(d) of the Regulations.³ The renewal order was issued on October 3, 2022,⁴ and was effective upon issuance. Subsequent renewal orders were issued on March 29, 2023, September 23, 2023, September 20, 2024, and September 16, 2025 respectively, and were also effective upon issuance.⁵

On August 3, 2026, BIS, through OEE, submitted a written request for renewal of the TDO that was issued on September 16, 2025. The written request was made more than 20 days before the TDO's scheduled expiration and, given the temporary suspension of international mail service to Russia, OEE has attempted to deliver a copy of the renewal request to UTair by alternative means in accordance with Sections 766.5 and 766.24(d) of the Regulations. No opposition to the renewal of the TDO has been received.

II. Renewal of the TDO

A. Legal Standard

Pursuant to Section 766.24, BIS may issue an order temporarily denying a respondent's export privileges upon a showing that the order is necessary in the public interest to prevent an "imminent violation" of the Regulations, or any order, license or authorization issued thereunder.

² The TDO was published in the *Federal Register* on April 12, 2022 (87 Fed. Reg. 21611).

³ At the time of the renewal, Section 766.24(d) provides that BIS may seek renewal of a temporary denial order for additional 180-day renewal periods, if it believes that renewal is necessary in the public interest to prevent an imminent violation. Renewal requests are to be made in writing no later than 20 days before the scheduled expiration date of a temporary denial order.

⁴ The October 3, 2022 renewal order, which was effective upon issuance, was published in the *Federal Register* on October 7, 2022 (87 Fed. Reg. 60987).

⁵ The March 29, 2023 renewal order was published in the *Federal Register* on April 4, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 19911). The September 23, 2023 renewal order was published in the *Federal Register* on September 28, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 66802). The September 20, 2024 renewal order was published in the *Federal Register* on September 26, 2024 (89 Fed. Reg. 78846). The September 16, 2025 renewal order was published in the *Federal Register* on September 19, 2025 (90 Fed. Reg. 45172).

15 C.F.R. §§ 766.24(b)(1) and 766.24(d). “A violation may be ‘imminent’ either in time or degree of likelihood.” 15 C.F.R. § 766.24(b)(3). BIS may show “either that a violation is about to occur, or that the general circumstances of the matter under investigation or case under criminal or administrative charges demonstrate a likelihood of future violations.” *Id.* As to the likelihood of future violations, BIS may show that the violation under investigation or charge “is significant, deliberate, covert and/or likely to occur again, rather than technical or negligent[.]” *Id.* A “lack of information establishing the precise time a violation may occur does not preclude a finding that a violation is imminent, so long as there is sufficient reason to believe the likelihood of a violation.” *Id.*

If BIS believes that renewal of a denial order is necessary in the public interest to prevent an imminent violation, it may file a written request for renewal, with any modifications if appropriate. 15 C.F.R. § 766.24(d)(1). The written request, which must be filed no later than 20 days prior to the TDO’s expiration, should set forth the basis for BIS’s belief that renewal is necessary, including any additional or changed circumstances. *Id.* “In cases demonstrating a pattern of repeated, ongoing and/or continuous apparent violations, BIS may request the renewal of a temporary denial order for an additional period not exceeding one year.”⁶ *Id.*

B. The TDO and BIS’s Request for Renewal

Effective February 24, 2022, BIS imposed controls on aviation-related (e.g., Commerce Control List Categories 7 and 9) items to Russia, including a license requirement for the export, reexport or transfer (in-country) to Russia of any aircraft or aircraft parts specified in Export

⁶ 88 Fed. Reg. 59791 (Aug. 30, 2023).

Control Classification Number (“ECCN”) 9A991 (Section 746.8(a)(1) of the EAR).⁷ BIS will review any export or reexport license applications for such items under a policy of denial. *See* Section 746.8(b). Effective March 2, 2022, BIS excluded any aircraft registered in, owned, or controlled by, or under charter or lease by Russia or a national of Russia from being eligible for license exception Aircraft, Vessels, and Spacecraft (“AVS”) (Section 740.15 of the EAR).⁸ Any U.S.-origin aircraft or foreign aircraft that includes more than 25% controlled U.S.-origin content, and that is registered in, owned, or controlled by, or under charter or lease by Russia or a national of Russia, is subject to a license requirement before it can travel to Russia.

OEE’s request for renewal for a period of one year is based upon the facts underlying the issuance of the initial TDO and the renewal orders subsequently issued in this matter, as well as other evidence developed during this investigation. These facts and evidence demonstrate that UTair has continued, and continues, to disregard U.S. export controls and the terms of previously issued TDOs. Specifically, the initial TDO, issued on April 7, 2022, was based on evidence that UTair engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by operating multiple aircraft subject to the EAR and classified under ECCN 9A991.b on flights into Russia after March 2, 2022 from destinations including, but not limited to, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, Yerevan, Armenia, and Tashkent, Uzbekistan, without the required BIS authorization.⁹ Further evidence submitted by

⁷ 87 Fed. Reg. 12226 (Mar. 3, 2022). Additionally, BIS published a final rule effective April 8, 2022, which imposed licensing requirements on items controlled on the Commerce Control List (“CCL”) under Categories 0-2 that are destined for Russia or Belarus. Accordingly, now all CCL items require export, reexport, and transfer (in-country) licenses if destined for or within Russia or Belarus. 87 Fed. Reg. 22130 (Apr. 14, 2022).

⁸ 87 Fed. Reg. 13048 (Mar. 8, 2022).

⁹ Publicly available flight tracking information shows that on March 5, 2022, serial number (SN) 36387 flew from Jeddah, Saudi Arabia to Grozny, Russia, and on March 30, 2022, SN 28907 flew from Yerevan, Armenia to Tyumen, Russia. In addition, on March 31, 2022, SN 30437 flew from Tashkent, Uzbekistan to Moscow, Russia.

BIS indicated that UTair was continuing to operate aircraft subject to the EAR domestically on flights within Russia, potentially in violation of Section 736.2(b)(10) of the Regulations.

As discussed in the prior renewal orders, evidence presented by BIS indicated that, after the initial order was issued, UTair continued to operate aircraft subject to the EAR and classified under ECCN 9A991.b on flights both into and within Russia, in violation of the Regulations and the TDO itself.¹⁰ Specifically, the October 3, 2022 renewal order detailed flights into and out of Russia from/to Yerevan, Armenia, Baku, Azerbaijan, and Tashkent, Uzbekistan.¹¹ The March 29, 2023 renewal order detailed flights into and out of Russia from/to Yerevan, Armenia, Baku, Azerbaijan, Dushanbe, Tajikistan, and Dubai, United Arab Emirates (“UAE”).¹² The September 23, 2023 renewal order detailed flights into and out of Russia from/to Yerevan, Armenia, Baku, Azerbaijan, Dushanbe, Tajikistan, Istanbul, Turkey, Tashkent, Uzbekistan, and Dubai, UAE.¹³ The September 20, 2024 renewal order detailed flights into and out of Russia from/to Khujand, Tajikistan, Istanbul, Turkey, Dubai, UAE, Baku, Azerbaijan, Samarkand, Uzbekistan, Bukhara, Uzbekistan, and Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan.¹⁴ Additionally, the September 16, 2025 renewal order

¹⁰ Engaging in conduct prohibited by a denial order violates the Regulations. 15 C.F.R. §§ 764.2(a) and (k).

¹¹ Publicly available flight tracking information shows that on September 19, 2022, SN 30437 flew from Tashkent, Uzbekistan to Moscow, Russia, and SN 30435 flew from Yerevan, Armenia to Moscow, Russia. In addition, on September 21, 2022, SN 28912 flew from Baku, Azerbaijan to Moscow, Russia.

¹² Publicly available flight tracking information shows that SN 37752 flew from Yerevan, Armenia to Moscow, Russia on March 23, 2023 and from Dubai, United Arab Emirates to Grozny, Russia on March 28, 2023. In addition, on March 29, 2023, SN 30437 flew from Dushanbe, Tajikistan to Moscow, Russia and on March 7, 2023, SN 28912 flew from Baku, Azerbaijan to Ufa, Russia.

¹³ Publicly available flight tracking information shows that SN 37552 flew from Istanbul, Turkey to Grozny, Russia on September 19, 2023, SN 29936 flew from Yerevan, Armenia to Moscow, Russia on September 15, 2023. In addition, SN 32780 flew from Dushanbe, Tajikistan to Moscow, Russia on September 8, 2023, and SN 32779 flew from Dubai, UAE to Tyumen, Russia on September 1, 2023.

¹⁴ Publicly available flight tracking information shows that SN 37552 flew from Khujand, Tajikistan to Tyumen, Russia on August 11, 2024, SN 29936 flew from Samarkand, Uzbekistan to Moscow, Russia on August 5, 2024. In addition, SN 32780 flew from Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan to Surgut, Russia on August 11, 2024.

detailed flights into and out of Russia from/to Baghdad, Iraq, Baku, Azerbaijan, Bukhara, Uzbekistan, and Tashkent, Uzbekistan, as well as within Russia.¹⁵

Since that time, UTair has continued to engage in conduct prohibited by the applicable TDO and Regulations. In its August 3, 2026 request for renewal of the TDO, BIS submitted evidence that UTair is operating aircraft subject to the EAR and classified under ECCN 9A991.b, both on flights into and within Russia, in violation of the September 16, 2025 renewal order and/or the Regulations. Specifically, BIS's evidence and related investigation demonstrates that UTair continued to operate aircraft subject to the EAR, including, but not limited to, on flights into and out of Russia from/to Antalya, Turkey; Samarkand, Uzbekistan; Dushanbe, Tajikistan; and Baku, Azerbaijan, as well as domestically within Russia. Information about those flights includes, but is not limited to, the following:

Tail Number	Serial Number	Aircraft Type	Departure/Arrival Cities	Dates
RA-73089	37522	737-8GU (B738)	Antalya, TR / Grozny, RU	August 16, 2026
RA-73089	37522	737-8GU (B738)	Samarkand, UZ / Moscow, RU	July 9, 2026
RA-73089	37522	737-8GU (B738)	Moscow, RU / Bukhara, UZ	July 8, 2026
RA-73089	37522	737-8GU (B738)	Moscow, RU / Tyumen, RU	July 7, 2026
RA-73089	37522	737-8GU (B738)	Tyumen, RU / Yerevan, Armenia	July 5, 2026
RA-73087	29936	737-8AS (B738)	Fergana, UZ / Surgut, RU	August 15, 2026
RA-73087	29936	737-8AS (B738)	Samarkand, UZ / St. Petersburg, RU	July 9, 2026
RA-73087	29936	737-8AS (B738)	Surgut, RU / St. Petersburg, RU	July 9, 2026

¹⁵ Publicly available flight tracking information shows that on August 20, 2025, SN 37552 flew from Baghdad, Iraq to Moscow, Russia. On August 21, 2025, SN 29936 flew from Baku, Azerbaijan to St. Petersburg, Russia. On August 19, 2025, SN 32779 flew from Bukhara, Uzbekistan to Moscow, Russia. Additionally, on August 7, 2025, SN 32780 flew from Tashkent, Uzbekistan to Surgut, Russia.

RA-73087	29936	737-8AS (B738)	St. Petersburg, RU / Baku, AZ	July 8, 2026
RA-73087	29936	737-8AS (B738)	Antalya, TR / Surgut, RU	July 6, 2026
RA-73085	32779	737-8AS (B738)	Samarkand, UZ / Moscow, RU	August 12, 2026
RA-73085	32779	737-8AS (B738)	Dushanbe, TJ / Moscow, RU	July 9, 2026
RA-73085	32779	737-8AS (B738)	Moscow, RU / Yerevan, AM	July 8, 2026
RA-73085	32779	737-8AS (B738)	Baku, Az / Moscow, RU	July 6, 2026
RA-73085	32779	737-8AS (B738)	Moscow, RU / Ufa, RU	July 5, 2026
RA-73086	32780	737-8AS (B738)	Yerevan, AM / Moscow, RU	August 13, 2026
RA-73086	32780	737-8AS (B738)	Krasnoyarsk, RU / Moscow, RU	July 9, 2026
RA-73086	32780	737-8AS (B738)	Baku, AZ / Moscow, RU	July 8, 2026
RA-73086	32780	737-8AS (B738)	Moscow, RU / Yerevan, AM	July 6, 2026
RA-73086	32780	737-8AS (B738)	Moscow, RU / Dushane, TJ	July 6, 2026

III. Findings

Under the applicable standard set forth in Section 766.24 of the Regulations and my review of the entire record, I find that the evidence presented by BIS convincingly demonstrates that UTair has acted in violation of the Regulations and the TDO; that such violations have been significant and deliberate; and that given the foregoing and the nature of the matters under investigation, there is a likelihood of imminent violations. Moreover, I find that renewal for an extended period is appropriate because UTair has engaged in a pattern of repeated, ongoing and/or continuous apparent violations of the EAR. Therefore, renewal of the TDO for one year is necessary in the public interest to prevent imminent violation of the Regulations and to give notice to companies and individuals in the United States and abroad that they should avoid

dealing with UTair, in connection with export and reexport transactions involving items subject to the Regulations and in connection with any other activity subject to the Regulations.

IV. Order

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

FIRST, **UTair Aviation JSC**, Khanty-Mansiysk Airport, Tyumen Region, Russia 628012, when acting for or on their behalf, any successors or assigns, agents, or employees may not, directly or indirectly, participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as "item") exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the EAR, or in any other activity subject to the EAR including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license (except directly related to safety of flight), license exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the EAR except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations, or engaging in any other activity subject to the EAR except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations; or

C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the EAR, or from any other activity subject to the EAR except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations.

SECOND, that no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) to or on behalf of UTair any item subject to the EAR except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by UTair of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the EAR that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby UTair acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from UTair of any item subject to the EAR that has been exported from the United States except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations;

D. Obtain from UTair in the United States any item subject to the EAR with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the EAR that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by UTair, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by UTair if such service involves the use of any item subject to the EAR that has been or will be exported from the United States except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to

Section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification, or testing.

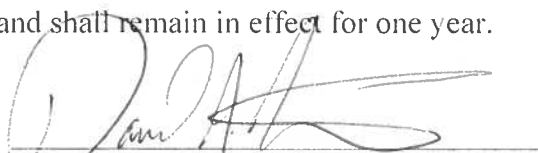
THIRD, that, after notice and opportunity for comment as provided in section 766.23 of the EAR, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to UTair by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order.

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 766.24(e) of the EAR, UTair may, at any time, appeal this Order by filing a full written statement in support of the appeal with the Office of the Administrative Law Judge, U.S. Coast Guard ALJ Docketing Center, 40 South Gay Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202-4022.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 766.24(d) of the EAR, BIS may seek renewal of this Order by filing a written request not later than 20 days before the expiration date. A renewal request may be opposed by UTair as provided in Section 766.24(d), by filing a written submission with the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement, which must be received not later than seven days before the expiration date of the Order.

A copy of this Order shall be provided to UTair, and shall be published in the *Federal Register*.

This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect for one year.



David A. Peters
Assistant Secretary of Commerce Secretary
for Export Enforcement

Dated: September 11th, 2026.